

Riešte rovnice s neznámou x . Ostatné premenné považujte za parametre.

$$1. \quad x + \frac{2x-1}{3} = \frac{x+3}{5} - \frac{3-7x}{5} \quad K = \{5\}$$

$$2. \quad \frac{x}{2(x-2)} - 1 = \frac{10x-8}{6-3x} + \frac{1+2x}{x-2} \quad K = \{2\}$$

$$3. \quad (4x-3)^2 + (5-3x)^2 = (4-5x)^2 \quad K = \{9/7\}$$

$$4. \quad \frac{\frac{x}{3} - \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{x}{3} + \frac{3}{4}} = \frac{x-4}{x-3} \quad K = \left\{ \frac{9}{2} \right\}$$

$$5. \quad (x-6)^2 + (x-8)^2 = 100 \quad K = \{0;14\}$$

$$6x^2 + (3-6\sqrt{3})x - 3 \cdot \sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$6x^2 - 7,3923x - 5,1961 = 0$$

$$D = 179,3538$$

$$\sqrt{D} = 13,392$$

$$6. \quad 3(x-\sqrt{3})(1+2x) = 0 \quad x_{1,2} = \frac{7,3923 \pm 13,392}{12}$$

$$x_1 = 1,732$$

$$x_2 = -0,5$$

$$K = \left\{ -\frac{1}{2}; \sqrt{3} \right\}$$

$$7. \quad x^4 - 5x^2 - 36 = 0 \quad K = \{\pm 3\}$$

$$8. \quad x - \sqrt{x} = 2 \quad K = \{4\}$$

$$9. \quad \sqrt{x+5} = x-1 \quad K = \{4\}$$

$$10. \quad 3 \cdot \sqrt{2-x} = 16+x \quad K = \{-7\}$$

$$11. \quad 2ax + 7a + 4 = 0$$

a	K
$\{0\}$	$\{ \}$
$R - \{0\}$	$\left\{ -\frac{7}{2} - 2a \right\}$ alebo $\left\{ \frac{-7a-4}{2a} \right\}$

$$12. \quad x^2 - tx + 15 = 0$$

t	K
$(-\sqrt{60}; \sqrt{60})$	$\{ \}$
$\{\pm\sqrt{60}\}$	$\{t/2\}$
$(-\infty; -\sqrt{60}) \cup (\sqrt{60}; \infty)$	$\left\{ \frac{t \pm \sqrt{t^2 - 60}}{2} \right\}$

13. $tx^2 - tx = 4$

t	K
$(-16; 0)$	$\{ \}$
$\{0\}$	$\{ \}$
$\{-16\}$	$\{1/2\}$
$(-\infty; -16) \cup (0; \infty)$	$\left\{ \frac{t \pm \sqrt{t^2 + 16t}}{2t} \right\}$

Zostavte kvadratickú rovnicu, ktorej korene budú:

14. 2 a -3

$$x^2 + x - 6 = 0$$

15. 7 a 3

$$x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

16. $\frac{1}{2}$ a $\frac{2}{3}$

$$x^2 - \frac{7}{6}x + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \text{ alebo } 6x^2 - 7x + 2 = 0$$

Nájdite riešenie rovníc s presnosťou na 3 desatinné miesta:

17. $x^3 + 4x^2 - 35 = 0$

$$K = \{2,348\}$$

18. $x^5 - x^3 + x - 25 = 0$

$$K = \{1,985\}$$

19. $3x^3 - 6x = 4$

$$K = \{1,672\}$$

Nájdite racionálne riešenia rovníc:

20. $x^3 + 7x^2 + 4x - 108 = 0$

nemá racionálne riešenie

skúšku treba robiť pre čísla

$\pm 1; \pm 2; \pm 3; \pm 4; \pm 6; \pm 9; \pm 12; \pm 18; \pm 27; \pm 36; \pm 54; \pm 108$

21. $16x^3 + 4x - 4 = 0$

$$K = \{1/2\}$$

najprv upravíme na tvar $4x^3 + x - 1 = 0$

skúšku treba robiť pre čísla $\pm 1; \pm 1/2; \pm 1/4$

22. $x^4 + 7x^3 - 11x - 237 = 0$

$$K = \{3\}$$

skúšku treba robiť pre čísla $\pm 1; \pm 3; \pm 79; \pm 237$